

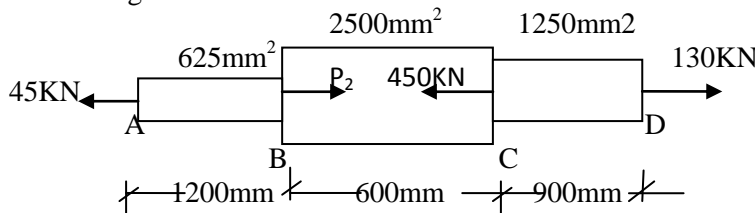
“Please check whether you have got the right question paper.”

- i) Q. No.1 and Q.No.6 are compulsory. Attempt any two questions from the remaining questions from each section.
- ii) Draw neat sketches wherever necessary.
- iii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- iv) Assume suitable data wherever necessary.

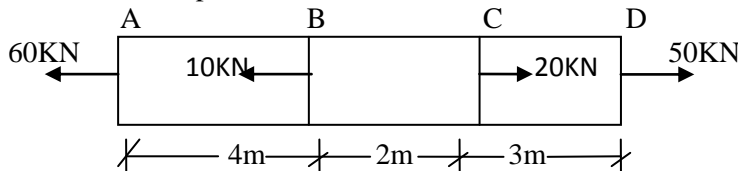
SECTION-A

- Q.1 Answer the following (any five) 10
- a) Enlist types of stresses & strain
 - b) Define Elasticity.
 - c) Explain compound and composite Bar.
 - d) Define Modulus of elasticity.
 - e) Define neutral axis
 - f) Define modular ratio.
 - g) Enlist type of loading
 - h) Define shear force.

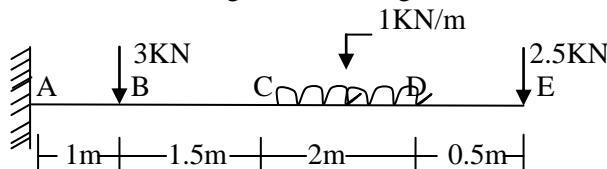
- Q.2 a) A member ABCD is subjected to point load as shown in fig. Determine force P_2 and total elongation of the member assuming $E=2.01 \times 10^5 \text{N/mm}^2$ 08



- b) A steel rod ABCD 9m long & 50mm in diameter is subjected to the forces as shown in fig. If value of young's Modulus. For steel is 200Gpa , determine its deformation 07

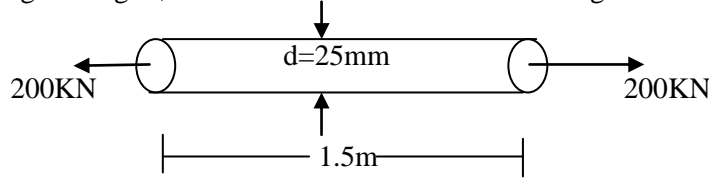


- Q.3 Draw shear force and bending Moment Diagram for the cantilever beam shown in fig. 15



- Q.4 A simply supported beam having T- section with flange size 150mm×50mm& web is 50mm × 150mm. If a moment of 64kNm is applied around the horizontal neutral axis , including tension below the neutral axis. Find bending stresses at both the extreme fibers of the cross-section. 15

- Q.5 a) A bar of steel 25mm in diameter is subjected to an axial tension load of 200kN if $E = 2 \times 10^5 \text{ N/MM}^2$, $\mu = 0.3$. Determine change in length, diameter & volume of the bar : Length of bar is 1.5m. 08



- b) Derive expression for shearing stress at a section in a loaded beam. 07
SECTION-B

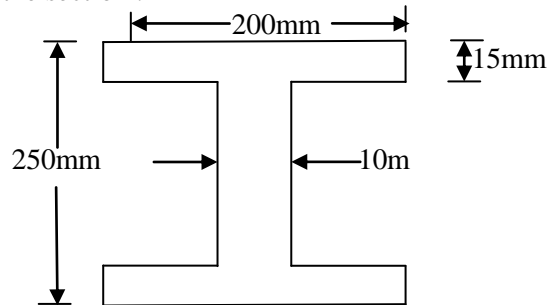
- Q.6 Answer the following (any five) 10

- Define strain energy.
- Define Limit of eccentricity.
- Define direct and bending stress
- Define principal stress & planes .
- Define modulus of resilience .
- Explain core or Kernal of section .
- What are limitations in Euler's theory.
- What are the assumptions in theory of torsion.

- Q.7 a) A hollow circular shaft 200mm external diameter & 160mm internal diameter transmitting power at 180RPM the angle of twist on a length of 2m is found to be 0.55 Calculate power transmitted & Maximum shear stress take $c = 0.8 \times 10^5 \text{ Mpa}$. 08

- b) A steel bar 3m long and 2500 mm^2 in area hangs vertically which is securely fixed on a collar at its lower end . If a weight of 15kN falls on the collar from a height of 10mm, determine the stress developed in the bar ? What will be strain energy stored in bar? Take $E = 200 \text{ Gpa}$. 07

- Q.8 a) A short I- section column carries a compressive load of 120 kN at the mid point of one flange . Determine the extreme stresses for the section . 08



- b) A cylindrical shell 3m long has 1.2m internal diameter & 16mm thickness Calculate the circumferential and longitudinal stresses induced and changes in the dimension of shell. If it is subjected to an internal pressure of 1.5 N/MM^2 , Take $E = 2.1 \times 10^5 \text{ N/MM}^2$ $\mu = 0.3$ 07

- Q.9 At a point in strained material 120 N/mm^2 & 60 N/mm^2 both tensile find normal stress, tangential stress and resultant stress, on a plane inclined at 60° to the major principal plane. 15

- Q.10 A hollow cast iron column 100mm internal diameter 25mm thick, 8m long is fixed at both the ends . Calculate the safe load by using Euler's formula & Rankine's formula Take $E = 100 \text{ Gpa}$, $\sigma_c = 550 \text{ N/mm}^2$. 15