

Total No. of Printed Pages:02

SUBJECT CODE NO:- H-523
FACULTY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY
T.E. (CSE/IT)
Operating System
(REVISED)

[Time: Three Hours]

[Max.Marks:80]

Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

- N.B
1. Solve 3 questions from each section.
 2. Question no. 1 from section A and Question no.6 section B, are compulsory.
 3. From the remaining questions in section A and B, solve any two questions.

Section A

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|-----|---|----|
| Q.1 | A) Compare Linux and Windows OS in detail. | 05 |
| | B) Define process. Explain various process states with a diagram. | 05 |
| Q.2 | a) Examine monolithic operating system structure in detail. | 07 |
| | b) Explain different system calls for the Windows Win 32 API. | 08 |
| Q.3 | a) Discuss solution to Producer – Consumer problem using sleep () and wakeup (). | 07 |
| | b) Explain following:
a. Race condition
b. Mutual exclusion
c. Busy waiting
d. Critical section | 08 |
| Q.4 | a) Explain how file system is implemented and managed using inodes. | 07 |
| | b) Explain how files are structured and named in an operating system design. | 08 |
| Q.5 | a) Explain priority scheduling algorithm with an example. | 07 |
| | b) Differentiate between time sharing system and Simple batch System with essential properties. | 08 |

Section B

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|-----|--|----|
| Q.6 | a) Discuss the following related to disk space management
a. Block size
b. Keeping track of free blocks. | 05 |
| | b) What is the purpose of paging in the page tables? | 05 |

- Q.7 a) Given five memory partitions of 100 KB, 500KB, 200KB, 300KB, and 600 KB (in order), how would each of the first – fit, best – fit, and worst – fit algorithms place processes of 212KB, 417KB, 112KB, and 426 KB (in order)? Which algorithm makes the most efficient use of memory? 07
- b) Suppose the OS on your computer uses the buddy system for memory management. Initially the system has a 1 MB block of memory available, which begins at address 0. Show the results of each request / release via successive figures. 08
 A: Request 25K, B: Request 500K, C: Request 60K, D: Request 100K, E: Request 30K, Release A, F: Request 20K.
 After memory is allocated to process F, how much internal fragmentation exists in the system?
- Q.8 a) Explain how I/O can be performed using Interrupt driven I/O. 07
- b) Explain Goals of the I/O software in detail. 08
- Q.9 a) For a deadlock to occur, which four conditions must hold? 07
- b) A system has 3 types as resources R1, R2, R3, their number of units are 3,2 and 2 respectively. Four processors P1, P2, P3, P4 are currently connecting for resources in the following manner: 08
 a. P1 is holding one unit of R1 and is requesting for one unit of R2.
 b. P2 is holding two units of R2 and requesting for one unit each of R1 & R3.
 c. P3 is holding one unit of R1 &. Is requesting one unit of R2.
 d. P4 is holding two units of R3 & is requesting for one unit of R1.
 Determine which, if any, of the processes are deadlocked in this state.
- Q.10 a) Explain optimal page replacement algorithm with an example. 07
- b) What is disk scheduling? Explain the various goals of disk scheduling. 08